

Nature Champions Back Biodiversity

Corn bunting



Corn buntings nest on the ground and eat seeds and insects and spiders.



Changes in the way farmers manage their land have resulted in fewer seed and insect sources being available with an increased risk of nests being destroyed during harvesting & mowing.



The rapid decline of corn bunting in eastern Scotland has been reversed in recent years through targeted agri-environment & greening options:

<https://community.rspb.org.uk/ourwork/b/scotland/posts/how-are-corn-buntings-doing-in-scotland>

